Snapshot Report

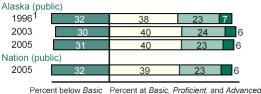
ICES 2006-4544K8

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assesses mathematics in five content areas: number properties and operations; measurement; geometry; data analysis and probability; and algebra. The NAEP mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500.

Overall Mathematics Results for Alaska

- In 2005, the average scale score for eighth-grade students in Alaska was 279. This was not significantly different from¹ their average score in 2003 (279), and was not significantly different from their average score in 1996 (278).
- Alaska's average score (279) in 2005 was not significantly different from that of the Nation's public schools (278).
- Of the 52 states and other jurisdictions² that participated in the 2005 eighth-grade assessment, students' average scale scores in Alaska were higher than those in 17 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 13 jurisdictions, and lower than those in 21 jurisdictions.
- The percentage of students in Alaska who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 29 percent in 2005. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2003 (30 percent), and was not significantly different from that in 1996 (30 percent).
- The percentage of students in Alaska who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 69 percent in 2005. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2003 (70 percent), and was not significantly different from that in 1996 (68 percent).

Student Percentage at NAEP Achievement Levels



■ Below Basic ■ Basic ■ Proficient ■ Advanced

NOTE: The NAEP mathematics achievement levels correspond to the following scale points: Below *Basic*, 261 or lower; *Basic*, 262–298; *Proficient*, 299–332; *Advanced*, 333 or above.

Performance of NAEP Reporting Groups in Alaska						
	Percent	Average	Percent		lents at or above	Percent
Reporting groups	of students	score	below <i>Basic</i>	Basic	Proficient	Advanced
Male	53	280	30	70	30	7
Female	47	278	32	68	27	5
White	57	288	21	79	38	9
Black	5	266	48	52	19	2
Hispanic	4	272	36	64	21	2
Asian/Pacific Islander	7	270	40	60	19	4
American Indian/Alaska Native	26	264	47	53	15	2
Eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch	34↑	264	46	54	14	2
Not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch	64	287	23	77	37	8

Average Score Gaps Between Selected Groups

- In 2005, male students in Alaska had an average score that was not found to be significantly different from that of female students.
 In 1996, there was no significant difference between the average score of male and female students.
- In 2005, Black students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 22 points. Data are not reported for Black students in 1996, because reporting standards were not met.
 Therefore, the performance gap data are not reported.
- In 2005, Hispanic students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 17 points. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 1996, because reporting standards were not met. Therefore, the performance gap data are not reported.
- In 2005, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of poverty, had an average score that was lower than that of students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch by 22 points. In 1996, the average score for students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch was lower than the score of those not eligible by 26 points.
- In 2005, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 47 points. In 1996, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 51 points.

Mathematics Scale Scores at Selected Percentiles



Scores at selected percentiles on the NAEP mathematics scale indicate how well students at lower, middle, and higher levels of the distribution performed.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

↑ Significantly higher than 2003. ↓ Significantly lower than 2003.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding and because the "Information not available" category for free/reduced-price lunch and the "Unclassifed" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed. Visit https://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/ for additional results and detailed information. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), selected years. 1996–2005 Mathematics Assessments.

Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

[#] The estimate rounds to zero.

^{*} Significantly different from 2005.

¹ Comparisons (higher/lower/not different) are based on statistical tests. The .05 level was used for testing statistical significance. Performance comparisons may be affected by differences in exclusion rates across years for students with disabilities (3% nationally in 2005) and English language learners (1% nationally in 2005) in the NAEP samples. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages.

² "Other Jurisdictions" refers to the District of Columbia and the Department of Defense Education Activity schools.